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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/708,809	11/08/2000	Donald F. Gordon	19880003600	2490
26291 75	90 12/01/2004		EXAMINER	
MOSER, PATTERSON & SHERIDAN L.L.P.			VU, NGOC K	
595 SHREWSB FIRST FLOOR	BURY AVE, STE 100		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SHREWSBUR			2611	
			DATE MAILED: 12/01/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



	Application No.	Applicant(s)	- 4
	09/708,809	GORDON ET AL.	9 (
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Ngoc K. Vu	2611	
The MAILING DATE of this communication	· ·		<u> </u>
Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Clafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory properties of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a in. a reply within the statutory minimum of th erirod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. INTHS from the mailing date of this commun	ication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on			
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for all			its is
closed in accordance with the practice und	der <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the applica	ation		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Example 1	minor		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		by the Evaminar	
Applicant may not request that any objection to			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co		` ,	21/4)
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the			
			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docum			
2. Certified copies of the priority docum			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the		n received in this National Stage	В
application from the International Bu			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	ist of the certified copies no	received.	
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Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Intension	Summary (PTO-413)	
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No	(s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/St	3/08) 5) Notice of	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date U.S. Patent and Traderrark Office	6)		
BM 64	ce Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 200	041124

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 2 is indefinite because there is no antecedent basis for the limitation "the selected IPG page" in line 2.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-10, 14-17 and 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Coleman et al. (U.S. 5,844,620 A).

Regarding **claim 1**, Coleman discloses a method for providing interactive television program guide (IPG), wherein the IPG is provided via a plurality of IPG pages and each IPG page includes a plurality of defined regions (see abstract and col. 18, lines 28-39), the method comprising:

receiving at a terminal (figure 2) a selection for a particular region of a particular IPG page, e.g., selection of particular time slots of future scheduling information (see col. 14, lines 2-4 and figure 2);

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determining whether the selected region is currently received at the terminal (for example, determining whether the selected region is scheduling information for a time period beyond a current period. It is noted that the scheduling information for the current period is already stored in memory, while the scheduling information for future is not available in the memory – see col. 7, lines 2-12; col. 6, lines 39-42 and 56-59; col. 20, lines 30-41);

if the selected region is not currently received at the terminal, generating a request for the selected region, and sending the request from the terminal to a server of an information distribution system (whenever a user desires to view a portion of the program guide database that is not stored in the memory, the desired portion is acquired from a demand stream.

Particularly, selection of particular time slots of future scheduling information carried in the demand data stream is made via user interface device 46 at the terminal. That is, the data for future time periods is carried in a demand stream which can be acquired on a real time basis in response to a user's request for future scheduling information. It is noted that the interactive program guide is provided via an information network from a service provider, e.g., figure 1, to the user. Therefore, the request is sent from the user to the service provider for the future scheduling information – see col. 5, lines 5-11; col. 14, lines 2-5; col. 20, lines 30-41 and figure 1).

Regarding **claim 2**, Coleman discloses that selected region is defined to be a guide region, e.g., scheduling information, for a program listing of the IPG page is not currently received at the terminal (e.g., scheduling information for the future is not available in the memory - see col. 18, lines 28-39; col. 14, lines 2-4).

Regarding **claims 3 and 4**, Coleman shows the structure of IPG message including a plurality of records 68, 70, and wherein record 80 determines a particular format of remaining fields in the message format (see figure 3).

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Regarding **claim 5**, Coleman shows record 80 indicative of the selected region which is chosen from among the plurality of defined regions in the IPG page, e.g., title of the program/event (see figure 3).

Regarding **claims 6 and 7**, Coleman shows that the selected region is a guide region for a program listing, e.g., scheduling information, the message further includes Class ID 82 providing a set of sortable theme classes and theme subclasses for use in selecting schedule categories by a particular theme, such as sports, movies, comedy, etc (see col. 15, lines 33-41; col. 14, lines 2-5; col. 13, lines 5-12; col. 7, lines 20-26).

Regarding **claims 8-10**, Coleman discloses that schedule records are transmitted in the form of N blocks, each blocks defining all title and description records via title record IDs and description record IDs, indexed by the start time for the particular program/event. Each of the N blocks contains the title and description information for all events within a particular time slot. Coleman further discloses that when a user selects a time slot for which scheduling information is desired the decoder identifies the corresponding pages and the packet identifiers carrying the pages (see col. 17, lines 5-13; col. 14, line 66 to col. 15, line 32 and col. 18, lines 36-40).

Regarding **claim 14**, Coleman discloses a method for providing interactive television program guide (IPG), wherein the IPG is provided via a plurality of IPG pages and each IPG page includes a plurality of defined regions (see abstract and col. 18, lines 28–39), the method comprising:

receiving at a terminal (figure 2) a selection for a particular region of a particular IPG page, e.g., selection of particular time slots of future scheduling information (see col. 14, lines 2-4 and figure 2);

determining whether the selected region is currently received at the terminal (for example, determining whether the selected region is scheduling information for a time period

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beyond a current period. It is noted that the scheduling information for the current period is already stored in memory, while the scheduling information for future is not available in the memory – see col. 7, lines 2-12; col. 6, lines 39-42 and 56-59; col. 20, lines 30-41);

if the selected region is not currently received at the terminal, generating a request for the selected region, and sending the request from the terminal to a server of an information distribution system (whenever a user desires to view a portion of the program guide database that is not stored in the memory, the desired portion is acquired from a demand stream.

Particularly, selection of particular time slots of future scheduling information carried in the demand data stream is made via user interface device 46 at the terminal. That is, the data for future time period is carried in a demand stream which can be acquired on a real time basis in response to a user's request for future scheduling information. It is noted that the interactive program guide is provided via an information network from a service provider, e.g., figure 1, to the user. Therefore, the request is sent from the user to the service provider for the future scheduling information – see col. 5, lines 5-11; col. 14, lines 2-5; col. 20, lines 30-41 and figure 1).

Regarding **claim 15**, Coleman discloses that the scheduling information relates to IPG (see col. 18, lines 28-39; col. 14, lines 2-4).

Regarding **claim 16**, Coleman discloses a method for providing interactive **television** program guide (IPG), wherein the IPG is provided via a plurality of IPG pages and each IPG page includes a plurality of defined regions (see abstract and col. 18, lines 28-39), the method comprising:

receiving at a server a request for a particular region of a particular IPG page (for example, whenever a user desires to view a portion of the program guide database that is not stored in the memory, the desired portion is acquired from a demand stream. Particularly,

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selection of particular time slots of future scheduling information carried in the demand data stream is made via user interface device 46 at the terminal. That is, the data for future time period is carried in a demand stream which can be acquired on a real time basis in response to a user's request for future scheduling information. It is noted that the interactive program guide is provided via an information network from a service provider, e.g., figure 1, to the user.

Therefore, the request for the future scheduling information is received at the service provider – see col. 5, lines 5-11; col. 14, lines 2-5; col. 20, lines 30-41 and figure 1);

assigning a packet identifier (PID) for the requested region; and transmitting the requested region to a requesting terminal via the assigned PID (transmitting the requested scheduling information to user via the demand stream identified by a unique PID in the transport multiplex - see col. 14, lines 30-35; col. 20, lines 30-41).

Regarding **claim 17**, Coleman discloses that the requested region is a guide region for a program listing, e.g., scheduling information (see col. 18, lines 28-39; col. 14, lines 2-4).

Regarding **claim 19**, Coleman discloses in an information distribution system, a terminal (see figure 2) operable to request and receive information for an interactive program guide (IPG), wherein the IPG is provided via a plurality of IPG pages and each IPG page includes a plurality of defined regions (see abstract; col. 18, lines 28-39 and figure 2), the terminal comprising:

a controller (36) configure to

receive at a terminal (figure 2) a selection for a particular region of a particular IPG page, e.g., selection of particular time slots of future scheduling information (see col. 14, lines 2-4 and figure 2);

determine whether the selected region is currently received at the terminal (for example, determining whether the selected region is scheduling information for a time

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period beyond a current period. It is noted that the scheduling information for the current period is already stored in memory, while the scheduling information for future is not available in the memory – see col. 7, lines 2-12; col. 6, lines 39-42 and 56-59; col. 20, lines 30-41);

if the selected region is not currently received at the terminal, generate a request for the selected region, and a modulator (40) coupled to the controller and configure to send the request from the terminal to a server of an information distribution system (whenever a user desires to view a portion of the program guide database that is not stored in the memory, the desired portion is acquired from a demand stream.

Particularly, selection of particular time slots of future scheduling information carried in the demand data stream is made via user interface device 46 at the terminal. That is, the data for future time periods is carried in a demand stream which can be acquired on a real time basis in response to a user's request for future scheduling information. It is noted that the interactive program guide is provided via an information network from a service provider, e.g., figure 1, to the user. Therefore, the request is sent from the user to the service provider for the future scheduling information – see col. 5, lines 5-11; col. 14, lines 2-5; col. 20, lines 30-41 and figures 1-2).

Regarding **claim 20**, Coleman shows the structure of IPG message including a plurality of records 68, 70, and wherein record 80 is used to specifically identify the selected region (see figure 3).

Regarding **claim 21**, Coleman discloses a system operable to provide interactive television program guide (IPG), wherein the IPG is provided via a plurality of IPG pages and each IPG page includes a plurality of defined regions (see abstract and col. 18, lines 28-39), the system comprising:

a session manager (16) configured to receive a request for a particular region of a particular IPG page (for example, whenever a user desires to view a portion of the program guide database that is not stored in the memory, the desired portion is acquired from a demand stream. Particularly, selection of particular time slots of future scheduling information carried in the demand data stream is made via user interface device 46 at the terminal. That is, the data for future time period is carried in a demand stream which can be acquired on a real time basis in response to a user's request for future scheduling information. It is noted that the interactive program guide is provided via an information network from a service provider, e.g., figure 1, to the user. Therefore, the request for the future scheduling information is received at the service provider via processor 16 – see col. 5, lines 5-11; col. 14, lines 2-5; col. 20, lines 30-41 and figure 1);

a transport stream generator (14) coupled to the session manager and configured to assign a packet identifier (PID) for the requested region; and transmit the requested region to a requesting terminal via the assigned PID (transmitting the requested scheduling information to user via the demand stream identified by a unique PID in the transport multiplex 14 - see col. 14, lines 30-35; col. 20, lines 30-41 and figure 1).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Coleman et al. (U.S. 5,844,620 A).

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Regarding claim 13, Coleman discloses providing scheduling information via the network from the service provider in response to user request (see col. 4, lines 60-64; col. 5, lines 4-11), but does not explicitly disclose sending request from the terminal via an out-of band network. Official Notice is taken that sending a request from the user to a television service provider via an out-of-band is well known in the art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Coleman by sending the request from the user to the service provider via an out-of-and in order to prevent interference between signals.

7. Claims 11, 12 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Coleman et al. (U.S. 5,844,620 A) in view of Reynolds et al. (US 6,563,515 B1).

Regarding **claims 11 and 18**, Coleman discloses requesting for future scheduling information (see col. 4, lines 60-64), but does not explicitly disclose the selected region is a video region for a video. However, Reynolds discloses that in order to watch a video clip of a future program, the viewer may need to direct the program guide to request a video clip for that program (see col. 10, lines 21-29). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Coleman by providing a video clip of a future program to allow user to preview the future program.

Regarding **claim 12**, the combination of Coleman and Reynold further teach a particular type of video selected among a plurality of video type, e.g., VOD program (see Reynold: col. 13, lines 20-26).

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Eyer et al. (US 6,160,545 A) discloses a multi-regional interactive program guide for television.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ngoc K. Vu whose telephone number is 703-306-5976. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Grant can be reached on 703-305-4755. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ngolm

Ngoc K. Vu Examiner Art Unit 2611

November 26, 2004